

**Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)****CLASS: VI****SUBJECT: GEOGRAPHY****Chapter - 1**

- Question 1) The art of drawing \_\_\_\_\_ is called cartography  
(a) maps (b) cartoon (c) scenery
- Question 2) \_\_\_\_\_ help them navigate new places they visit.  
(a) Maps (b) buildings (c) seas
- Question 3) Jodocus Hondius, was the first to publish a collection of maps in the form of a book called \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Atlas (b) map (c) globe
- Question 4) Atlas is the \_\_\_\_\_ mythological God –  
(a) Greek (b) Egyptian (c) Chinese
- Question 5) \_\_\_\_\_ maps show landforms and water bodies like valleys, mountains, plains, rivers etc by different Colours.  
(a) Physical (b) Political (c) Thematic
- Question 6) \_\_\_\_\_ maps show the countries states, capitals, districts and important towns clearly depicting their boundaries.  
(a) Physical (b) Political (c) Thematic
- Question 7) Maps deal with specific topics like population distribution location of industries, climate etc.  
(a) Physical (b) Political (c) Thematic
- Question 8) A map has \_\_\_\_\_ parts.  
(a) five (b) two (c) three
- Question 9) Globe is an exact model of Earth  
(a) true (b) false
- Question 10) Population distribution refers to pattern of \_\_\_\_\_ habitation across the world.  
(a) human (b) animals (c) birds
- Question 11) Representative fraction refers to ratio of the map distance to the ground distance.  
(a) True (b) False
- Question 12) Statement scale is a verbal or word statement giving a written description of the scale used.  
(a) True (b) False
- Question 13) Three dimensional refers to something that possesses length, breadth and depth  
(a) True (b) False
- Question 14) There are \_\_\_\_\_ ways of measuring distance.  
(a) one (b) two (c) three
- Question 15) The distance can be measured with the help of \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) ruler and compas (b) compas and thread (c) ruler and string of thread
- Question 16) A map can show a small area in detail.  
(a) True (b) False
- Question 17) There are \_\_\_\_\_ intermediate directions.  
(a) 6 (b) 7 (c) 8
- Question 18) A sketch is drawn according to the scale  
(a) True (b) False
- Question 19) Distance between two places can be calculated by using \_\_\_\_\_ in the map.  
(a) scale (b) compas (c) string
- Question 20) A winding curve or bend in a river is known as a \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) sea (b) lake (c) meander
- Question 21) Block mountains are formed as a result of the tectonic forces  
(a) True (b) False
- Question 22) How many ways of representing a scale are there?  
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3
- Question 23) What is used by navigators and travellers to find out the right directions?  
(a) scale (b) watch (c) compass
- Question 24) What is represented by the colour blue on a map?  
(a) sky (b) water bodies (c) agricultural land
- Question 25) How many cardinal directions are there?  
(a) 4 (b) 6 (c) 8

**Chapter – 2**

- Question 1) About \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the Earth's surface is covered by land.  
(a) 27 (b) 28 (c) 29
- Question 2) The high points of the ripples are called anticlines while the low points are synclines.  
(a) True (b) False
- Question 3) Faults in a plate are usually \_\_\_\_\_ to each other.  
(a) similar (b) parallel (c) opposite
- Question 4) \_\_\_\_\_ causes dip slips or strike slips.  
(a) folding (b) faulting (c) erosion
- Question 5) \_\_\_\_\_ is the process of degradation or removal of earth's surface.  
(a) Erosion (b) folding (c) faulting
- Question 6) The collection of eroded material is called  
(a) Erosion (b) deposition (c) mountains
- Question 7) A series of mountains in the form of a chain is known as mountain range.  
(a) True (b) False

- Question 8) Fold mountains are \_\_\_\_\_ types  
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
- Question 9) The volcanic mountains are in the form of \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Square (b) cone (c) rectangle
- Question 10) The narrow vertical passage through which the lava and other materials come out is called \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) vent (b) cent (c) dent
- Question 11) The low – lying areas between two mountains or hills are called  
(a) valleys (b) mountains (c) drifts
- Question 12) \_\_\_\_\_ valley is caused by Earth's crust due to the movement of tectonic plates.  
(a) Rift (b) River (c) Glacial
- Question 13) \_\_\_\_\_ valley is formed by the erosion action of water flowing over the land.  
(a) Rift (b) river (c) Glacial
- Question 14) \_\_\_\_\_ valley is formed due to melting of ice from the glaciers covered areas of North America After the Pliocene Era.  
(a) Rift (b) River (c) Glacial
- Question 15) The Grand Canyon is in \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) USA (b) Egypt (c) India
- Question 16) The Nile River Valley is in \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Egypt (b) Assam (c) Canada
- Question 17) \_\_\_\_\_ plateau are made of basalt and were formed by a succession of lava flows which covered hundreds and thousands of square miles and built up the land surface.  
(a) Lava (b) Tectonic (c) Dissected
- Question 18) Fault refers to a crack in –  
(a) rock (b) tree (c) house
- Question 19) Lithosphere is the solid outer crust of the \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) earth (b) water (c) sky
- Question 20) Mountains are of \_\_\_\_\_ types  
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 4
- Question 21) When high landforms become shorter due to action of various natural forces. It is called –  
(a) degradation (b) gradation (c) gradient
- Question 22) \_\_\_\_\_ are tablelands formed by lava flows, tectonic movements and erosion.  
(a) plateaus (b) plains (c) mountains
- Question 23) Impact of internal forces cause \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) erosion (b) deposition (c) folding
- Question 24) Narmada Valley in India is an example of \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) river valley (b) glacial valley (c) rift valley
- Question 25) An example of erosional plain \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) lava plain (b) peneplain (c) flood plain

### Chapter – 3

- Question 1) There are \_\_\_\_\_ oceans –  
(a) 5 (b) 4 (c) 3
- Question 2) Arctic Ocean is the \_\_\_\_\_ ocean –  
(a) largest (b) smallest (c) hottest
- Question 3) Indian ocean is mainly in the \_\_\_\_\_ hemisphere –  
(a) Southern (b) Western (c) Eastern
- Question 4) \_\_\_\_\_ is an S- shaped ocean –  
(a) Arctic (b) Indian (c) Atlantic
- Question 5) \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest ocean –  
(a) Pacific (b) Indian (c) Arctic
- Question 6) Antarctic ocean is the \_\_\_\_\_ largest ocean.  
(a) third (b) fourth (c) second
- Question 7) A \_\_\_\_\_ is a part of an ocean that surrounds a landmass or a continent  
(a) sea (b) ocean (c) river
- Question 8) The seas are smaller and shallower than \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) river (b) lake (c) ocean
- Question 9) When the sea water creates a curved indented coastline, it is called a \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) bay (b) river (c) lake
- Question 10) A large \_\_\_\_\_ is referred to as gulf.  
(a) bay (b) lake (c) ocean
- Question 11) A narrow channel of water that joins two large navigable water bodies are called \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) river (b) strait (c) lakes
- Question 12) \_\_\_\_\_ is a mass of ice, which moves very slowly under the influence of gravity and is formed by the accumulation of snow on mountains and near the poles.  
(a) Glacier (b) river (c) lake
- Question 13) The perennial rivers flow through out the year.  
(a) True (b) False
- Question 14) \_\_\_\_\_ rivers fed by the snow.  
(a) Perennial (b) non perennial (c) both
- Question 15) \_\_\_\_\_ rivers dry up during summer.  
(a) Perennial (b) Non perennial (c) both
- Question 16) Streams that join the main river are referred to as \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) tributaries (b) distributaries (c) None of them

- Question 17) \_\_\_\_\_ are streams that break out from the main river.  
 (a) Distributaries (b) tributaries (c) none of them
- Question 18) The life of a river is divided into three stages.  
 (a) true (b) false
- Question 19) Landforms shaped by running water are called \_\_\_\_\_ landforms.  
 (a) fluvial (b) pleatues (c) none of them
- Question 20) The \_\_\_\_\_ course of river is when it enters the plain.  
 (a) Upper course (b) Middle course (c) lower
- Question 21) The river Padma is a distributary of the \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Ganga (b) Krishna (c) Kaveri
- Question 22) Estuaries are \_\_\_\_\_ shaped openings at the mouth of the river as it meets the sea.  
 (a) V-shaped (b) U-shaped (c) funnel shaped
- Question 23) A \_\_\_\_\_ is a water body surrounded by land on all sides.  
 (a) lake (b) river (c) sea
- Question 24) Catarats refers to a large waterfall  
 (a) True (b) False
- Question 25) The land along a coast refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Beach (b) sea shore (c) coastline

### Chapter – 4

- Question 1) \_\_\_\_\_ is the cultivation of land for the growth of crop and raising of livestock  
 (a) Agriculture (b) irrigation (c) sowing
- Question 2) \_\_\_\_\_ engage in agriculture.  
 (a) farmers (b) mason (c) carpenter
- Question 3) Crops such as rice, wheat, fruits, vegetables etc refers to \_\_\_\_\_ crops.  
 (a) food (b) cash (c) industrial
- Question 4) \_\_\_\_\_ crops are produced for commercial purpose.  
 (a) food (b) cash (c) none of them
- Question 5) Shifting farming refers to the uses of the land for growing crops for \_\_\_\_\_ years.  
 (a) several (b) one (c) none of them
- Question 6) Terrace cultivation on \_\_\_\_\_ and valleys is a settled cultivation system.  
 (a) hill slopes (b) plains (c) plateaus
- Question 7) Terrace cultivation is practiced in \_\_\_\_\_ regions of Northeast India, China, Japan etc.  
 (a) hilly (b) plains (c) valley
- Question 8) \_\_\_\_\_ farming means to produce as much only to satisfy family.  
 (a) Subsistence (b) Intensive (c) commercial
- Question 9) \_\_\_\_\_ farming is done for commercial purpose.  
 (a) Intensive (b) subsistence (c) plantation
- Question 10) Commercial farms are often \_\_\_\_\_ than regular family farms and often outside help is employed due to the level of work required.  
 (a) smaller (b) larger (c) equal
- Question 11) \_\_\_\_\_ farming is also a type of extensive farming.  
 (a) subsistence (b) Intensive (c) plantation
- Question 12) Only one type of farming is planted in \_\_\_\_\_ farming.  
 (a) plantation (b) subsistence (c) Intensive
- Question 13) There are \_\_\_\_\_ cropping seasons.  
 (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3
- Question 14) In \_\_\_\_\_ season, crops are grown between June to October.  
 (a) rabi (b) kharif (c) jayad
- Question 15) In \_\_\_\_\_ season crops are grown between November to March.  
 (a) kharif (b) rabi (c) none of them
- Question 16) \_\_\_\_\_ likely originated in southwest China during the Shang dynasty as a medicinal drink.  
 (a) Tea (b) coffee (c) None of them
- Question 17) \_\_\_\_\_ is the main occupation in the coastal areas.  
 (a) Fishing (b) Agriculture (c) None of them
- Question 18) The \_\_\_\_\_ Revolution was initiated by Norman Borlaug  
 (a) Green (b) Industrial (c) none of them
- Question 19) Livestock refers to rearing farm animals for commercial purpose.  
 (a) True (b) False
- Question 20) Cotton and Jute are \_\_\_\_\_ crops.  
 (a) food (b) cash (c) staple
- Question 21) Which food is not a staple of the Indian diet?  
 (a) sugarcane (b) wheat (c) pulses
- Question 22) What is the most eaten food in the world?  
 (a) coffee (b) tea (c) rice
- Question 23) Green Revolution pertains to the field of \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) wool (b) milk (c) agriculture

